

HICKORY DAILY RECORD

Vol. 1. No. 12.

HICKORY, N. C. FRIDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 24, 1915.

Price Two Cents

BULGARIAN SITUATION WORRIES ENTENTE ALLIES

Absorbs Attention of France to Exclusion of all Other Topics—Believe Bulgaria Will Cut Off Communication Between Russia and Allies.

(By Associated Press.)
Paris, Sept. 24.—The Bulgarian situation is absorbing the attention of France to the exclusion of all other topics. There is little doubt that Bulgaria will ally herself with the central powers.

"For months," says Jean Herbet, one of the authorities of France on foreign politics, "the quadruple entente have been talking to Bulgaria, while the central powers have been acting."

Military writers are beginning to discuss the course Bulgaria will take. Most of them are of the opinion that she will hurl her troops up into the upper Moravia and Vargar valleys and then cut the Salonica-Nish railroad near Ushchew, which would cut Russia off from all communication with her allies except through Archangel.

It is generally believed that the allies have made arrangements to offset to some extent this disadvantage.

French editorial writers betray some anxiety in the prospect of an added complication in the struggle for the possession of Constantinople.

GREECE ORDERS TROOPS TO MOBILIZE

(By Associated Press.)
Paris, Sept. 24.—An official decree on the mobilization of the Greek army was issued today in Athens, says a Havas News Agency dispatch. The formal order will be issued tomorrow.

ARCHIBALD TO GO FREE

Washington, Sept. 24.—Although department of justice officials have not completed their examination of the papers in possession of the government relating to the activities of James F. J. Archibald, the American who acted as messenger for Dr. Constantin T. Dumba, the Austrian ambassador, it is believed here that no attempt would be made to proceed against Archibald. Some officials say there is no statute under which prosecution would lie. As a consequence of this affair, however, it is understood that an effort will be made at the coming session of congress to enact a law to cover such cases.

SEVEN HUNDRED THOUSAND IN ARMS

(By Associated Press.)
Sofia, Sept. 23, via London, Sept. 24.—Although a partial mobilization of the Bulgarian army here has been announced, it is now general and takes in the reserves of 1886. The total Bulgarian force is likely to reach 700,000. Those not included so far are untrained men and those exempted by taxation. Save for enthusiasm in the capital, there is no excitement in evidence.

COMPLETE STAFF

Magazine Board is Organized at Hickory
During the past week the different grades of the Hickory high school have elected their representatives to serve on the magazine staff. Each class was allowed one associate editor and the senior and junior classes were allowed to elect one assistant business manager from their class. The business manager and editor-in-chief were elected by the literary societies.

The staff is composed of Robert Garth, editor-in-chief, Ernest Abernethy, business manager, Sadie Whitener, Rachel School, Aiken and Jacob Geitner, associate editors, Mary Abernethy and Claude Ingram, assistant business managers.

The school will publish a four page paper every month in the school year, with the exception of the December and April numbers, which will appear in the form of a magazine.

This is a new thing for Hickory and the citizens of Hickory are expected to lend their support.

All those interested in any way are requested to communicate with Ernest Abernethy, manager, or Mary Abernethy and Claude Ingram, assistants.

The name of the magazine has not been adopted yet. Suggestions as to a proper name will be appreciated.

The staff met yesterday afternoon for the first time. The literary societies met this afternoon.

CREDIT LOAN IS DWINDLING SOME

(By Associated Press.)
New York, Sept. 24.—Both parties to the big credit loan were reported to be negotiating today on the basis of \$500,000,000. The Anglo-French commission insisted that the loan should be bigger, but American financiers would not accede to this. Russia apparently is out of the question, and final decision on this point was said to be deferred until a later time.

On behalf of both parties to the negotiation it was said today that matters were progressing satisfactorily, and an announcement saying a definite plan had been agreed upon was expected in a few days.

But for the difference in views it was thought such an announcement would have been made last Wednesday. The big banking houses of this city will be representatives of the banking houses of the country.

PROTEST IS LODGED AGAINST BIG LOAN

(By Associated Press.)
New York, Sept. 24.—A protest against the proposed Anglo-French loan was sent to President Wilson, the treasurer of the state of New York and the comptroller of New York city today by the American Truth Society. The protest was adopted last night at the first meeting of the society held for the avowed purpose of opposing the loan. The president of the German-American Alliance was one of the speakers. The resolution characterized the proposed loan as immoral, improper and subversive and corruptive of the purpose of our banking laws.

COMMISSION WILL NOT CHANGE FIGURES

Raleigh, Sept. 24.—It was apparent today that the corporation commission, which made an order standing by its 15 per cent raise for Mecklenburg county, has no intention of changing its figures materially for the rest of the counties whose assessments were raised three weeks ago. It is insisted that Mecklenburg assessment still is lower than in adjoining counties.

HICKORY AND LENOIR MEET AGAIN MONDAY

The Hickory and Lenoir teams will stage another baseball game Monday at the college. Both nines will be strengthened for the contest and a good exhibition is promised.

A very good sized crowd attended the game yesterday at the college grounds and were treated to a very good game. Errors on the part of Rutherford College was the principal cause of the defeat administered by Lenoir College of 9 to 5. Score by innings: R. H. E. Rutherford 001 030 001—5 10 10 Lenoir 130 020 003—9 14 4

MEXICANS ATTACK AMERICAN CAVALRY

(By Associated Press.)
Brownsville, Texas, Sept. 24.—Mex attacked a detachment of United States soldiers at Progresso, 45 miles west of here today and killed one cavalryman.

The Mexicans approached from the direction of the Rio Grande, and encountered an American detachment which has been on duty at Progresso. The Mexicans opened fire and Private Stubblefield fell.

The telephone wires were cut early today and only meagre details were obtained. It was reported that two Americans were wounded. The American troops fired as long as a Mexican was in sight.

ANNUAL RECEPTION AT CLAREMONT MONDAY NIGHT

Invitations reading as follows have been issued:
"The faculty and students invite you to be present at their annual reception on Monday night, September 27, from eight to ten-thirty. Claremont College, Hickory, N. C."

COUNCIL MEETS TONIGHT

City council will meet tonight at 7:30 in special session to resume consideration of the revised ordinances.

DR. LONG URGED TO GIVE TIME TO COUNTRY

By a unanimous vote a large congregation of Lutherans last night expressed their conviction that Dr. Simon Peter Long of Mansfield, Ohio, could better serve the Lutheran church in this country and the world by "preaching and lecturing throughout our land than by accepting the oversight of a single congregation."

The resolution was introduced by Dr. R. L. Fritz, president of Lenoir college, at the conclusion of a strong sermon by the Mansfield divine in Holy Trinity Lutheran church. The congregation that heard him was made up not only of Lutherans of this city, but of the college, and of many visitors who came here to celebrate the 25th anniversary of the opening of Lenoir college. Incidentally the lecture was the fourth Dr. Long had delivered here in three days, and many there were in the church who said it was his best. Even the Sunday school room was crowded, so great was the interest in the visitor.

Taking his text from the fourth chapter of Peter, verses 17 and 18, Dr. Long showed his hearers that there are only two judgments—one of them being at the present time, and the other on that occasion when all will stand before their Maker for the second and final judgment. He made plain that one could not expect to enter the kingdom simply by belonging to some church, attending service or being a nominal Christian. "If the righteous scarcely shall be saved, then where does the mere professor of Christianity come in?" the preacher asked. It is a mighty hard thing for a Christian to be saved, Dr. Long declared, and he asserted that it must be much harder for the mere professor of Christianity to be saved.

In this connection Dr. Long took occasion to declare that men should not kill each other except in self-defense, and insisted that to take a life, even in war, is murder. The act of furnishing arms and ammunition with which to prosecute war, the preacher insisted, made the seller as guilty as the purchaser. It is murder, he declared, and contended that the United States would suffer from furnishing munitions to Europe.

Dr. Long said the old world is getting God loose in its morals, and he asked parents to teach their children to pray, to pray for their children, and have them pray for their parents. He wanted to see more religion and less profession. He wanted everybody in one large congregation to remember that he was under judgment at the present time and that it would be too late to reform at the second and final judgment.

A Forceful Speaker.
Everybody in the congregation knew that Dr. Long had been called to take charge of a Lutheran church in Los Angeles, Cal., and when he announced that he was going to resign, it was impossible for him to speak here again, all hoped that he would find it best not to accept. He has been in Hickory on three different occasions, and each time has been heard more attentively. Dr. Long is a vigorous speaker, and his words are driven home. His words are driven home.

Lecture on Reformation.
Before introducing the resolution President Fritz expressed the appreciation of the Lutherans in this community of the privilege of having Dr. Long with them and expressed also the hope that Dr. Long might see his way clear to work among all the churches in this country without being tied down to a single charge. Inasmuch as the 400th anniversary of the Reformation will be celebrated in 1917, Dr. Fritz thought it eminently fitting that a divine of Dr. Long's standing and eloquence be sent to lecture throughout the land so that all the people might know what the Reformation means.

The resolution, which was adopted by a rising vote, is as follows:
"Resolved, That it is the sense of the Lutherans here present that Dr. Long could render a greater service to the church, to our country and to the world by preaching and lecturing throughout our land than by accepting the oversight of a single congregation."

Dr. Long briefly informed the congregation that he would consider the expression here, and that whatever he did would be done in the hope that it would be for greatest service.

COTTON SELLING AT 11 CENTS IN NEWTON TODAY

Newton, Sept. 24.—Newton is paying 11 cents for cotton this morning and is starting the season by keeping even with Charlotte. In the past the market here has usually been about a quarter of a cent below the Charlotte market and there has been complaint about it; but the prospect this fall seems to be that as high prices will be paid here as in Charlotte. There is a feeling of optimism among the farmers and a feeling that this year it will be safe to wait awhile before selling the staple.

A representative of the Record has been in town this week and was given a cordial reception. Newton is interested in the only daily in the county and the fact that it gets here with telegraphic news earlier than any other paper and brings the day's events in time for propping it up against the coffee pot and mixing the news with "ham and—" will gradually win it favor.

IN COUNTY COURT

Newton, Sept. 24.—Judgment for \$125 has been awarded in the county court in favor of W. C. Feimster of Newton and A. A. Whitener of Hickory against Jacob R. Heavener, who they sued for \$250 for legal services rendered. It is not known if an appeal will be taken by either party.

NEWTON TO GET WHOLESALE HOUSE

(By Geo. F. Cochrane.)
Newton, Sept. 24.—This morning there is in the air the prospect of a wholesale grocery being established here by gentlemen from a North Carolina point who are looking for a location. Should the new concern come here, it is probable that there would be two such concerns, as it is said L. C. Bickett, who has operated a wholesale business for several years, until last spring, since which time he has not been active in the field, intends to reopen his business and actively engage in it.

The Newton graded schools have enrolled 519 children, which is about half the school population, though there are probably not as many as 100 more who will be enrolled. Supt. A. S. Ballard and Principal L. E. Rudisell are considered strong men and the school is going along nicely.

Debrele Allred, who has been with Clapp's drug store here, has resigned and will return to his home in Hickory, but has not decided on his plans for the future. He has made many friends here who regret to see him leave the town.

Startown community is quite proud of its new industry, a tiny flour mill recently put in operation by Jim Fulbright, Make Bost and Warren Herman, under the firm name of Startown Milling company. Although it has 12 barrels capacity, the mill consists of but a single machine for flour making, and one for corn meal. A kerosene engine operates it at a cost of less than \$1 a day. The output is in high favor with the farmers.

FOREIGNERS MUST PAY INCOME TAX

(By Associated Press.)
Washington, Sept. 24.—Aliens residing temporarily in the United States will not hereafter be given the exemption of citizens and residents under the income tax law. Aliens who can show an intention of becoming permanent residents will be allowed the usual exemptions. Treasury officials said there would be a tax on actresses and other persons who come to this country for a few weeks.

MARKETS

NEW YORK STOCKS

(By Associated Press.)
New York, Sept. 24.—Special stocks were again conspicuous at the opening of today's market, with moderate improvements in railroads. Baldwin Locomotives sold at 52 1/2. International Nickel recovered five points from yesterday's set back at 258. Colorado Fuel, American Locomotives, American Woolens and National Motors were again higher. United States Steel opened at a slight advance over yesterday's final.

NEW YORK COTTON

(By Associated Press.)
New York, Sept. 24.—The cotton market had a somewhat irregular opening today. October sold three points lower. Other months were two to four points higher by the failure of any hit in the foreign loan situation and reports of unsettled weather in the southwest. Active months sold higher, October advancing to 11.52 and December making a new record at 12.21.

COTTON FUTURES

New York, Sept. 24.—Cotton futures opened steady and closed steady.

October	11.15	11.25
December	11.51	11.75
January	11.75	11.87
March	12.00	12.11
May	12.21	12.28

RAOUL MADERO ARRESTED

(By Associated Press.)
San Antonio, Texas, Sept. 24.—General Raoul Madero of Villa's staff has been arrested by American soldiers at Marfa, Texas. General Frederick Funston received a report today that eight Mexicans, including Madero, had been taken prisoners.

MRS. W. B. CANDLER, SR., IS KILLED BY TRAIN

Mr. J. J. Willard today received a telegram from Mr. W. B. Candler of Villa Rica, Ga., saying that Mrs. W. B. Candler, Sr., was killed by a train yesterday afternoon. She was a sister-in-law of Mr. Asa Candler of Atlanta and an aunt of Mr. J. J. Willard of Hickory. Details of the accident were not received.

THE WEATHER

For North Carolina: Cloudy tonight and Saturday; possibly rain on the east; fresh northeast winds.

COMPARATIVE WEATHER

Sept. 23—	1915	1914
Maximum	71	89
Minimum	41	59
Mean	56	74

COMMISSION ON GERMANS AND RUSSIANS IN TERRIBLE STRUGGLE

(By Associated Press.)
Stockholm, Sweden, Sept. 24.—The English-Sweden commission which has for two months been striving to adjust the trade differences between the two countries is no nearer a satisfactory solution of the dispute than at the beginning of its session. Meanwhile over twenty-five million dollars worth of supplies for Russia which she urgently needs have accumulated in Sweden, owing to this country's refusal to allow the transit of goods to Russia until England has modified her demands regulating the amount of Sweden's imports.

The resumption of the meetings of the commission after an adjournment which followed apparently ineffectual attempts to arrive at an understanding has reawakened fresh interest in the trade question which is for the moment the most widely discussed topic in Sweden. Hope is generally expressed that a compromise will be effected which will result in more friendly relations between England and Sweden. Few are pessimistic enough to believe that the misunderstanding will widen into a more serious breach between the two countries.

The two sharply conflicting points of view which were presented to a correspondent of the Associated Press by Swedish and English members of the commission do not, however, promise any immediate settlement of the dispute, nor do they contain enough in common to suggest the possibility of compromise. The English members of the commission argue that a large maintenance of supplies, many of which are directly connected with the maintenance of an army and the prolongation of the war, find transit through Sweden to Germany. They contend that a conspicuous increase in Sweden's imports beyond her own needs is evidence that these supplies find a way to Germany and that a great many of them are articles which Germany particularly needs, notable meat, coffee, cocoa, cotton, copper and lubricants of various sorts. Being assured that these are destined for Germany, England claims the right to place such cargoes in the prize-courts and is enforcing this right.

Charge Deliberate Surrender.
It is admitted that these cargoes are vouchered for by Swedish merchants as being destined for their ultimate destination but it is claimed that through intermediate steps in Sweden they find their way finally to Germany. It is also stated by the English members of the commission that the collusion of Swedish shippers to re-ship to Germany for home manufacturers of ships and cargoes to German vessels and that their capture was part of a prearranged plan. English commissioners admit the right of Sweden to continue the export of her own products to Germany and to import any quantities of goods that it may be reasonably supposed is for Swedish consumption, but argues that this amount should not exceed her normal imports. Calling attention to her increase in imports, the English commissioners ask Sweden to guarantee that supplies for home manufacturers will not be sent to Germany or in other words that there shall be no transit of supplies through Sweden to Germany.

Sweden's Contentions.
The Swedish members of the commission reply that her export laws which are rigidly enforced by the government prohibit the sending of most articles to Germany and that exceptions are only made to this prohibitory list when she is forced into an exchange of supplies with Germany by a shortage of necessary articles in her country, caused in many cases by England's restriction of her imports. There are some articles such as anti-dye, medical goods and certain kinds of machinery which Sweden can obtain from Germany and which she must extend to Germany special license regulations. But it is contended that these supplies which Germany obtains under these conditions are mostly negligible. Swedish commissioners claim that she is justified in refusing to guarantee the stoppage of all transit to Germany, because as an independent nation, she has a right to trade with one country as well as another and that if England sees fit to hold up her imports, she has a right to refuse to transmit supplies to Russia.

The Real Issue.
The issue which has caused a deadlock is the quantity of supplies sent to Germany under the special licenses contrary to Sweden's list of foreign exports. The English members of the commission have called for exact figures showing the export to Germany, but such statistics it is claimed are not available. The English and Swedish members of the commission also disagree as to the usefulness to Germany for military purposes of such articles as copper which are on Sweden's free list. The English argue that whether the copper is one kind or another, it can be converted into copper for military use in Germany and that large quantities of copper, oil and cotton have found transit into Germany.

Although some of the selected statistics available in Sweden are misleading, they support the English contention that Swedish imports of the articles mentioned have in some cases been trebled since the beginning of the war. The declaration of cotton as contraband has of course eliminated articles from the discussion.

Do Sell to Germany.
From investigations made by an impartial observer in Sweden, it is clear that although greatly decreased by England's supervision, the transit of considerable supplies to Germany still continues. After arriving and being vouchered for by Swedish consignees, these supplies often pass through as many as a dozen hands before their shipment to Germany. Many Swedish merchants have frankly stated that when they could not only command better prices but serve their own interest.

(Continued on Page Four.)

GERMANS AND RUSSIANS IN TERRIBLE STRUGGLE

Teutons Win Victories at One Point While Muscovites are Successful at Another—Luckless Austrians Again Being Driven Before Russian Advance

SCOUT CAMPAIGN WILL BEGIN SATURDAY

"Be Prepared," "Do a Good Turn Daily," these are two of the Boy Scouts' "mottos." The scouts hope that every public-spirited citizen tomorrow will "be prepared" to "do" his good turn, by giving liberally to the Boy Scout campaign fund. The boys need \$300 to buy the necessary equipment for their headquarters. The campaign starts at 9 a. m. sharp and ends at 7 p. m. Don't forget to put in your bid for the saddle in the Van Dyke shop window. This will be bid off tomorrow.

AN ARABIC VICTIM

(By Associated Press.)
Waynestown, Sept. 24.—The body that came ashore on the south coast of Ireland has been identified as that of Mrs. Josephine Troupiere of New York, an Arabic victim.

WILL LEND MONEY ON STORAGE COTTON

Farmers in this section of the country who may have a hunch that cotton will go as high as 12 or 15 cents are being given an opportunity to make the best of the market price by the First National Bank, which has made arrangements with the A. A. Shuford Cotton Mill to store cotton in its warehouse. On such cotton the bank will lend on three-fourths of the market value.

Hickory is a good cotton market, and the arrangement announced today is expected to result in bringing many additional bales to this city.

HINDENBURG TAKES ANOTHER STRONG FORT

(By Associated Press.)
Berlin, Sept. 24.—Field Marshal von Hindenburg has made further progress in his efforts to capture the Russian fortified city of Dvinsk. The taking by storm of another Russian position northeast of Smelina is officially reported today.

BUILDING NOTES.

Work has begun on two bungalows for Mr. Henry Leonard on Ninth and Tenth avenues.

Mr. J. F. Norris will erect a house in Longview and Mr. J. F. Peterson is building on Eighth street.

DURHAM WANTS RELIEF

Durham, Sept. 24.—Many Durham people are hopeful that the corporation commission will make some reduction in the 10 per cent increase of real estate in this county. Durham people claim that the commission seemed interested in their plea.

PRESIDENT WILSON TAKES LONG STROLL

(By Associated Press.)
Washington, Sept. 24.—President Wilson walked for more than an hour today through the business section of Washington. He went to the business section and bought some golf balls and continued his stroll. He was accompanied by secret service men.

RUNS INTO AUTOMOBILE

Mr. Bascom Robinson, an 18-year-old youth of Connelly Springs, was knocked from his bicycle yesterday by an automobile driven by Mr. H. E. Clay and painfully bruised about the head and back. Two stitches were taken by Dr. T. C. Blackburn. The accident occurred on the street in front of the postoffice and was unavoidable, eye-witnesses say. The young man, it seems, lost control of his wheel and ran smash into the automobile.

HANGED IN GEORGIA

(By Associated Press.)
Jackson, Ga., Sept. 24.—Joe Persons, a negro boy of from 12 to 14 years of age, was hanged in the jail yard here today for assaulting an eight-year-old white girl last June. To the half hundred persons around the scaffold, the boy admitted the crime and stoically said he was willing to die. Although he weighed only 75 pounds his neck was broken in two places.

SCOUT CAMPAIGN WILL BEGIN SATURDAY

(By Associated Press.)
London, Sept. 24.—Military activities on the eastern front are once more assuming the stage of a slow German advance, following the recent impetuous rush of the invaders. The German plan of dividing the Russian armies in the Pripet marshes is becoming a success in a way, but there is little doubt that the Russians will escape.

Authoritative dispatches state that the latest Russian victory northwest of Duvno is of more importance than was revealed by the official communication of Petrograd involving the capture of Duvno. Relinquishing this fortress, the Austrians are said to have retired across the Strv.

GERMANS RAISE NEARLY FOUR BILLIONS

(By Associated Press.)
London, Sept. 24.—The total subscription to the new German war loan as given by Reuters' correspondent at Rotterdam is \$2,700,000,000.

STARNES HELD FOR COTTON

Salisbury, Sept. 24.—S. P. Starnes was given a preliminary hearing yesterday afternoon and sent up to court under a \$1,000 bond which he has so far failed to give. Starnes is charged with having robbed the Salisbury ticket office of the Southern and assaulted Ticket Agent Kenneth Brown at an early hour Wednesday morning. The two mileage books taken from the office had been filled in and stamped by Barnes at the Barber office after he had gained the agent's confidence by pretending to be a truck inspector. One of the books was made out in the name of Starnes and one for Mrs. Starnes. He said his wife was in Asheville and he hoped to take her down in Georgia and secure work.

WON'T TAKE OFF ANY TAXES HERE

Mr. A. A. Whitener, county attorney, received a telephone message from Newton this afternoon saying that the corporation commission had declined to reduce the assessment of Catawba real estate. The commission had increased it 15 per cent and the county attorney, by authority of the board of commissioners, went to Raleigh and lodged a protest.

Mr. Whitener said that Register of Deeds Sigmond received a second telegram today saying that the commission probably would increase the assessment in Catawba county five per cent more, making it 20 per cent in all. Mr. Whitener said the local authorities not only will protest against any additional increase, but probably will fight the whole thing to a finish. Personally he was in favor of doing it.

It was assumed that the commission, which refused to reduce Mecklenburg's assessment, handed down a general order covering the 75 counties affected.

REV. MR. SHUFORD TO LECTURE

Rev. J. H. Shuford will deliver one of his popular historical lectures at the Rhoney school house near Grace church on Sunday, October 3, at 8 o'clock. His subject will be "Rev. Andrew Loretz, the Pioneer Preacher and His Associates." Mr. Shuford has given much attention to local history and with the Rev. Mr. Loretz as a subject will deliver a most interesting address.

TO SHOW AT MORGANTON

Sparks Brothers' advertising car was in the city today posting bills announcing the appearance of the show at Morganton October 8. It was said Hickory would be visited later.